



The World's First Real-Time Millimeter wave Radar Simulator
using High Precision 3DCG MAP and Objects, Use CASE.

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Takahiro Yanagi
Karel Kreuter
Hiroshi Naganawa

from OTSL Inc.

from DENSO AUTOMOTIVE DEUTSCHLAND GmbH

from DENSO International of America

Key Words:

MMR: Millimeter Wave Radar

FMCW: Frequency Modulation Continuous Wave

MMIC: Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit

RFE: Radio Frequency Front End

LIDAR: Light Detection and Ranging

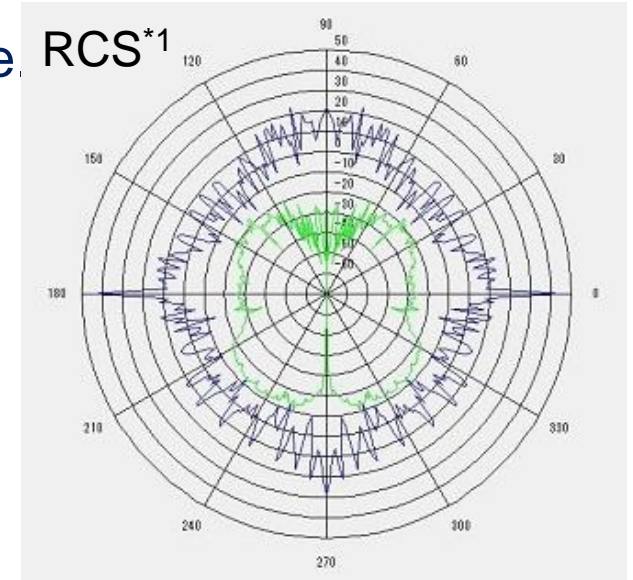
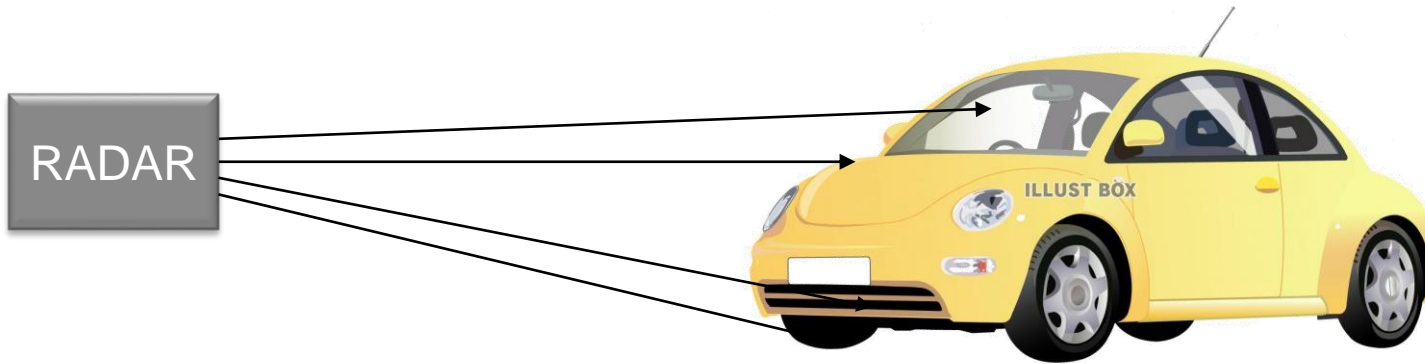
NIR: Near Infrared

MUSIC: Multiple Signal Classification

ESPRIT: Estimation of Signal parameters via Rotational Invariance Techniques

Why The World's First? *There are various real-time radar simulator.....* **COSMO_{SIM}**

- MOST Competitive simulator use RCS, which depend on only angle.



- RCS (monostatic or bistatic) is not to be able to express the reflection of each objects which are tire, license plate and body
- Especially, How does it treat road surface????

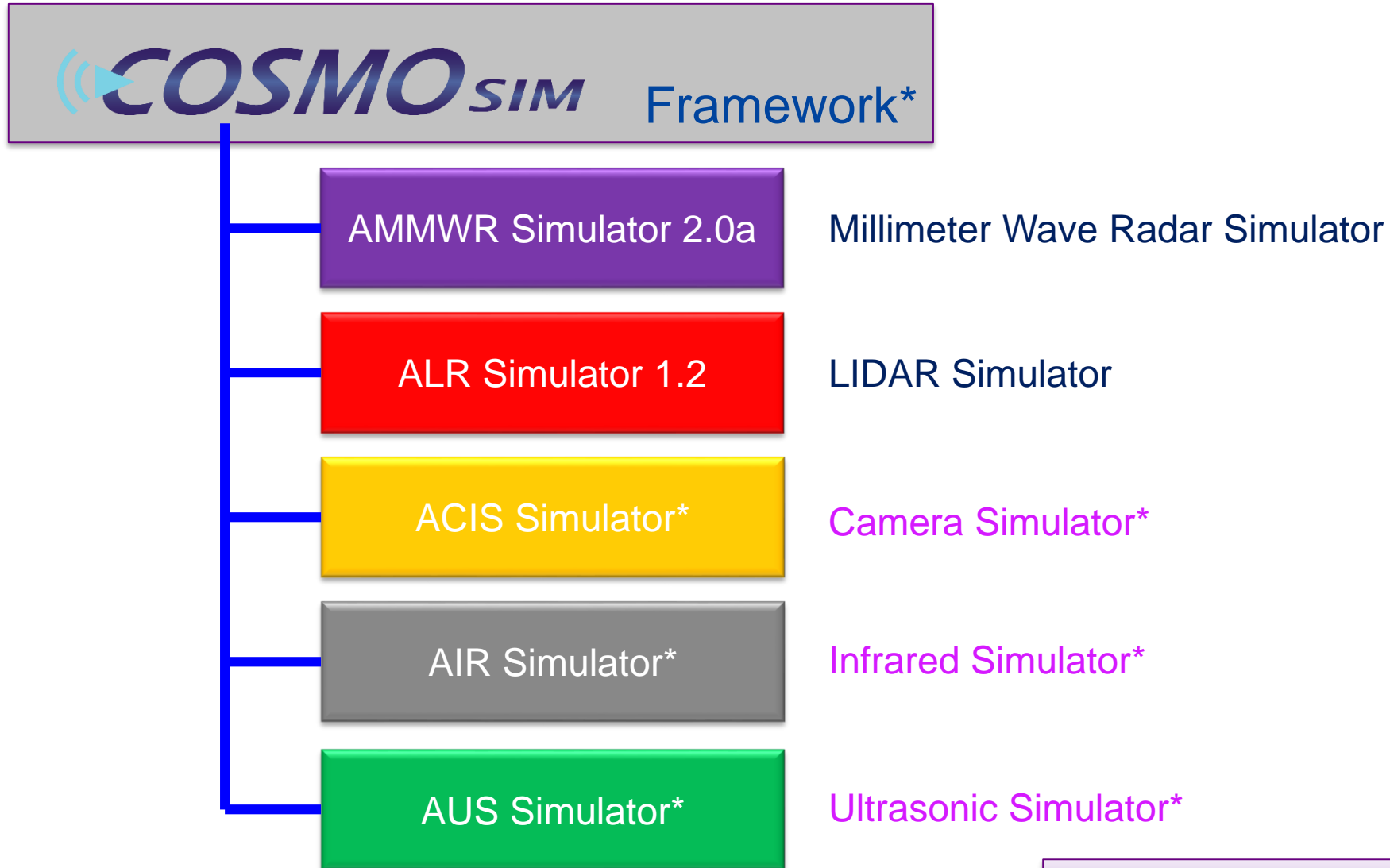
Our Simulator can reproduce any reflections from any objects.
And enable real-time simulation.

So Our simulator is the World's first !!

- External Sensing device are very important for Autonomous driving
- In order to keep secure for Autonomous driving, it need a lot of TEST drive, so we need acceleration test which use something simulator to realize it.
- Current simulator for Autonomous driving has CAMERA, LIDAR and RADAR, but CAMERA image is quite difference from LIDAR, especially RADAR. Because objects have each reflectivity for LIDAR(870nm to 905nm) and RADAR(77G-79G), and there are few simulators in which these reflectivity is implemented.
- As for LIDAR and RADAR, we think they need High precision map. We can make high precision 3D CG MAP for LIDAR and RADAR.
- Our Simulator have reflectivity and physical based reflection model which can reproduce specula and diffuse for any materials.

We focus on high accuracy simulation for autonomous driving, and move forward to realize autonomous driving standard.

Radar & Sensor Simulator : COSMOsim™ Framework



* Note: under development

Support OS & System requirements

1. OS: Windows 7 /8 /10 Professional 64bit (Linux* : in near future)
2. Support Multi Core and GPU calculation
 - CPU: Core i7 higher/ Xeon Multi CPU recommended
 - GPU: GTX1080(Ti)/ Tesla K40/K80/P100 /Quadro M5000/M6000
3. 3DCG Engine:
 - UE4*¹ : version 4.12 or later (our recommend 4.12/4.17)
4. Parallel Computing*² : need Windows server OS and Infiniband I/F card

*1: UE4: Unreal Engine *EPIC GAMES
*2: Under Development

Features:

Product Name	Function	Features
AMMWR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3DCG Scenario Simulation Radar Map 	Support: MMR simulation with MMIC RFE system Available: Detection Algorithm: MUSIC, ESPRIT
ALR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3DCG Scenario Simulation 3DPoint Cloud/Depth display 	Support: LIDAR inside geometries (i.e. Mechanical polygon mirror/MEMS/Flash)
ACIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3DCG Scenario Simulation Recognition Algorithm (Pedestrian Classifications and Distance measurement...) 	Support: Various Lens model (i.e. Planner/Fish Eye...) Available Lens model : (Seidel aberration, Optical axis deviation) and Recognition Algorithm
AIR	under development	
AUS	under development	

Advantage for Competitor :

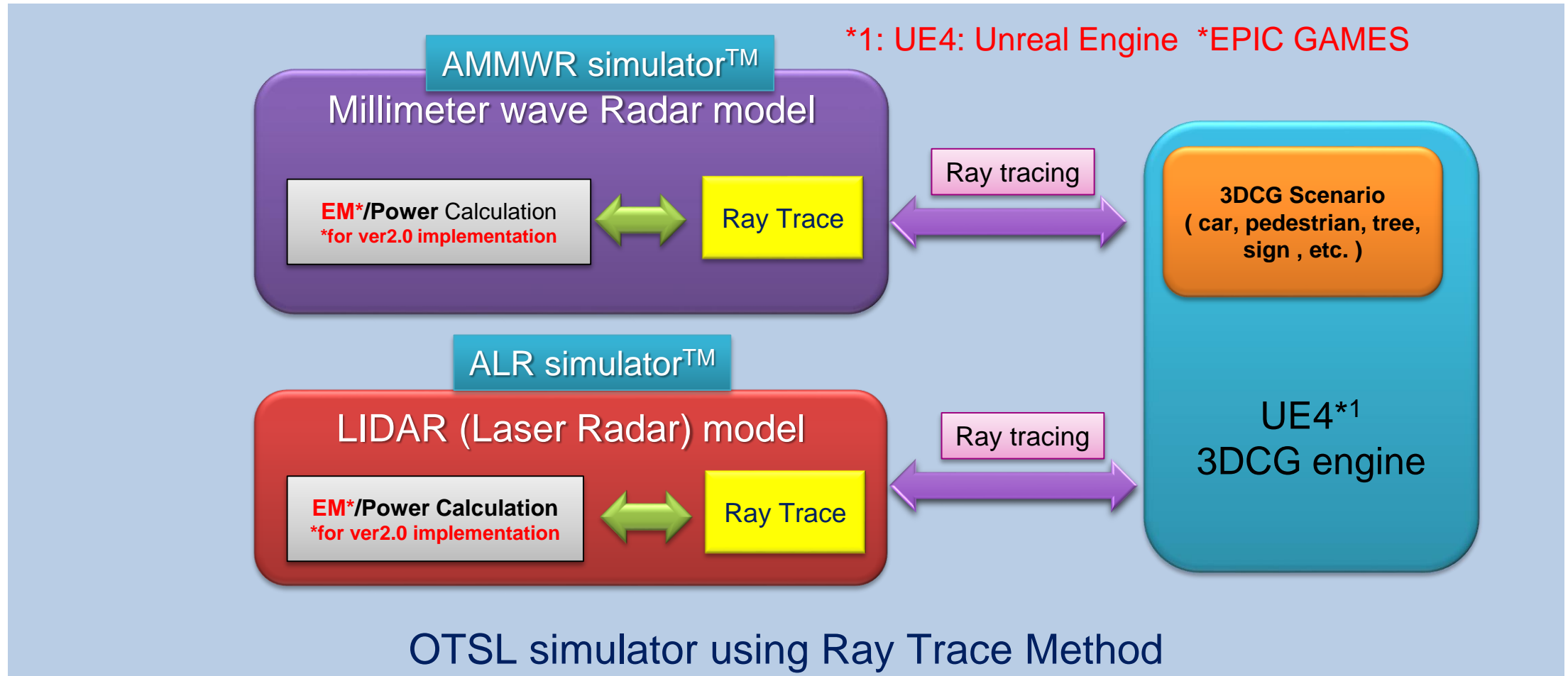
Product Name	Advantage for competitor
AMMWR	Inside Specular/Defuse model Support Pulse Doppler/ FMCW/First Chirp
ALR	almost same as competitor LIDAR Simulator, but little bit different (our reflection model is better accuracy, because OTSL simulator has reflection model for NIR)
ACIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Original Camera(i.e. Fish eye..) model with Calibration technology ▪ Various Recognition Algorithm
AIR	under development
AUS	under development



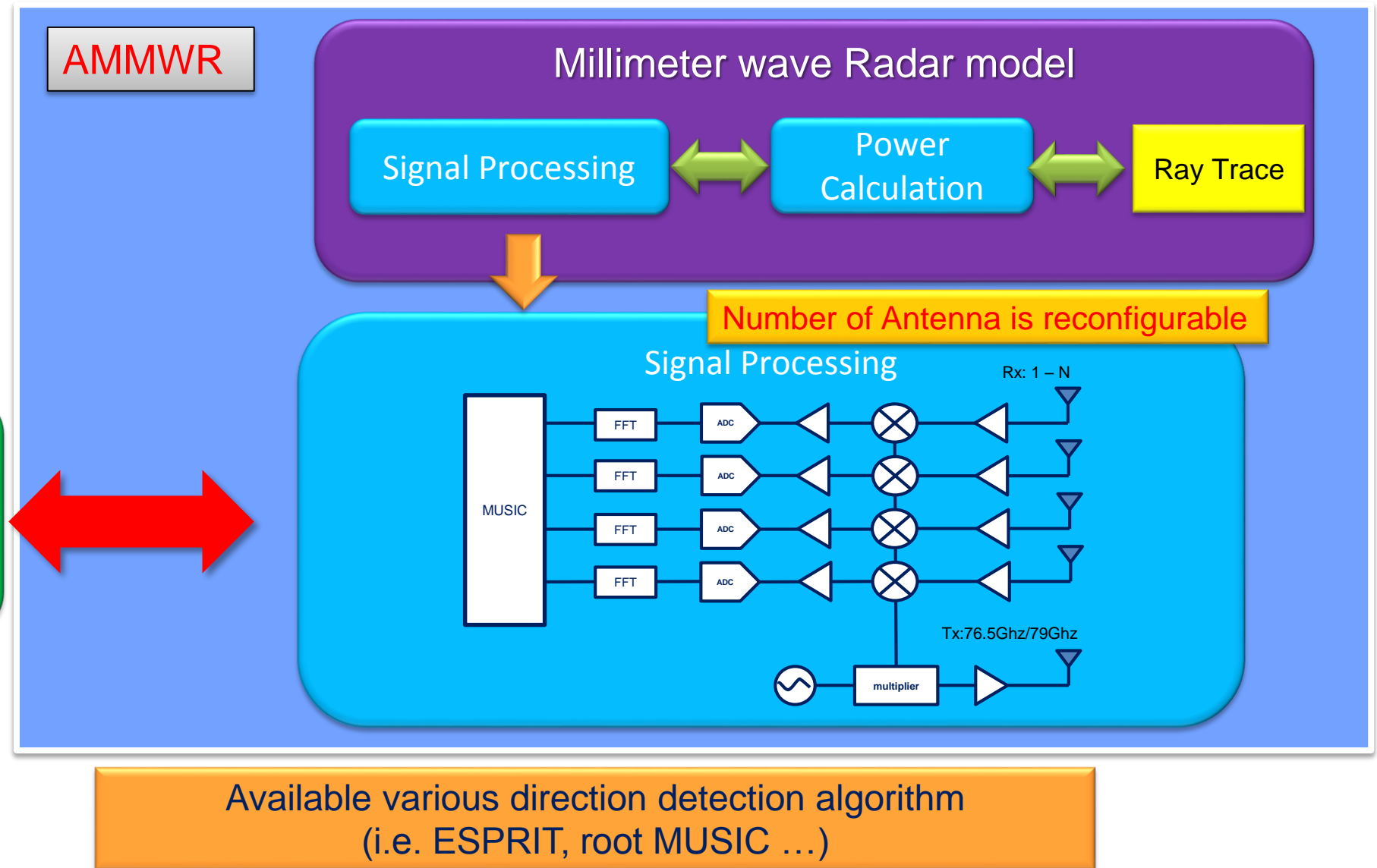
AMMWR Simulator 2.0a

Introduction of inside AMMWR

COSMOsim® Framework for Automotive Rader Simulation

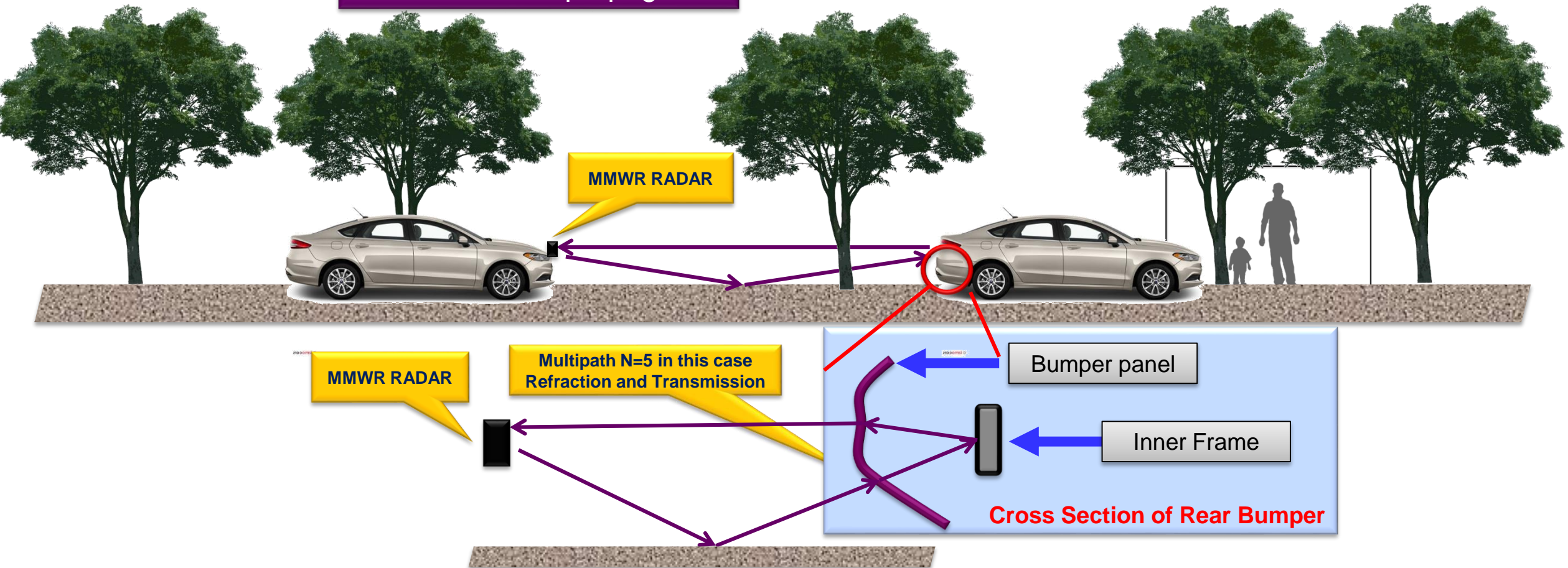


Inside AMMWR Simulator ver 2.0a details



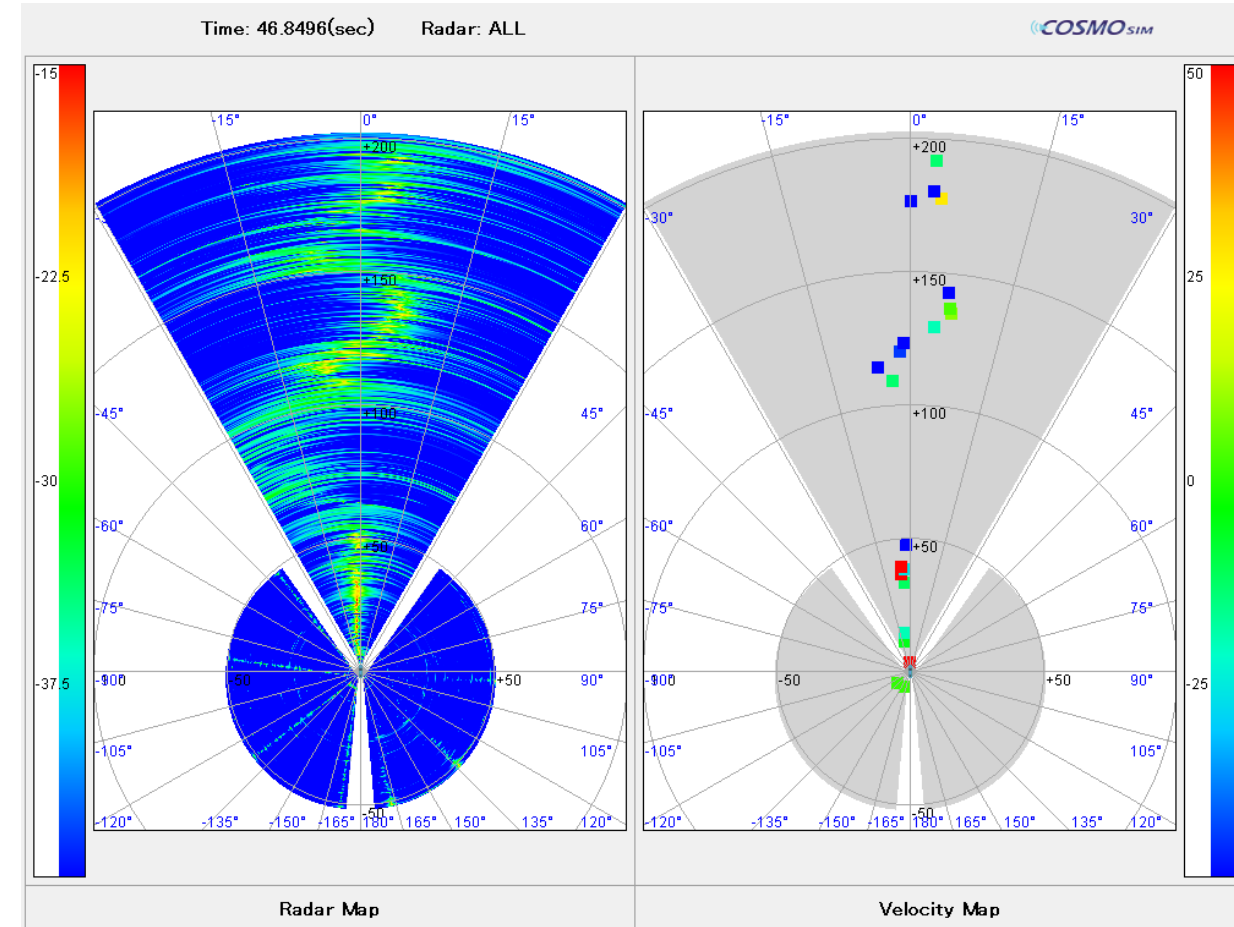
Inside AMMWR Simulator : Multipath of Ray tracing

Millimeter wave propagation



AMMWR can calculate refraction and transmission

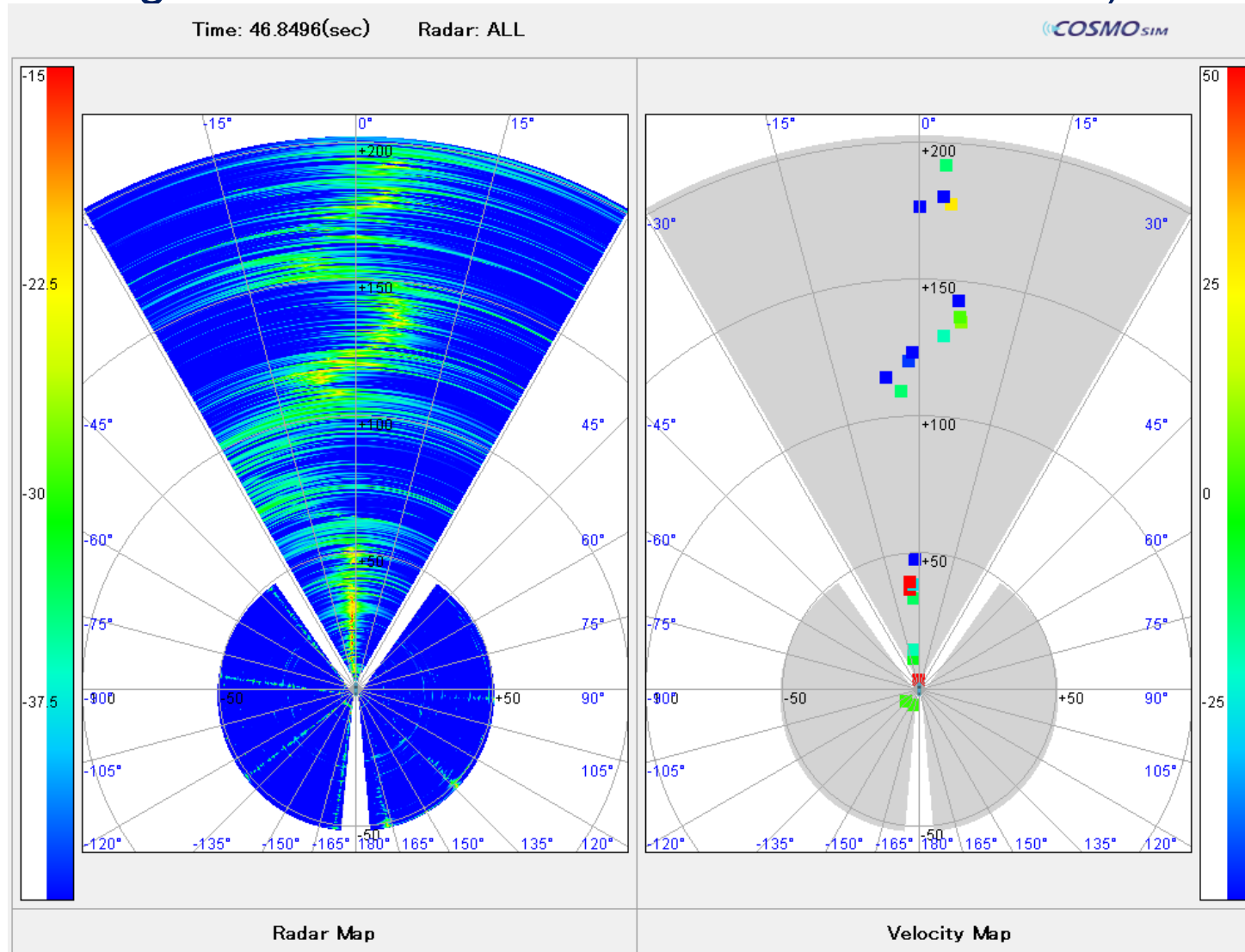
AMMWR using high precision 3DCG MAP



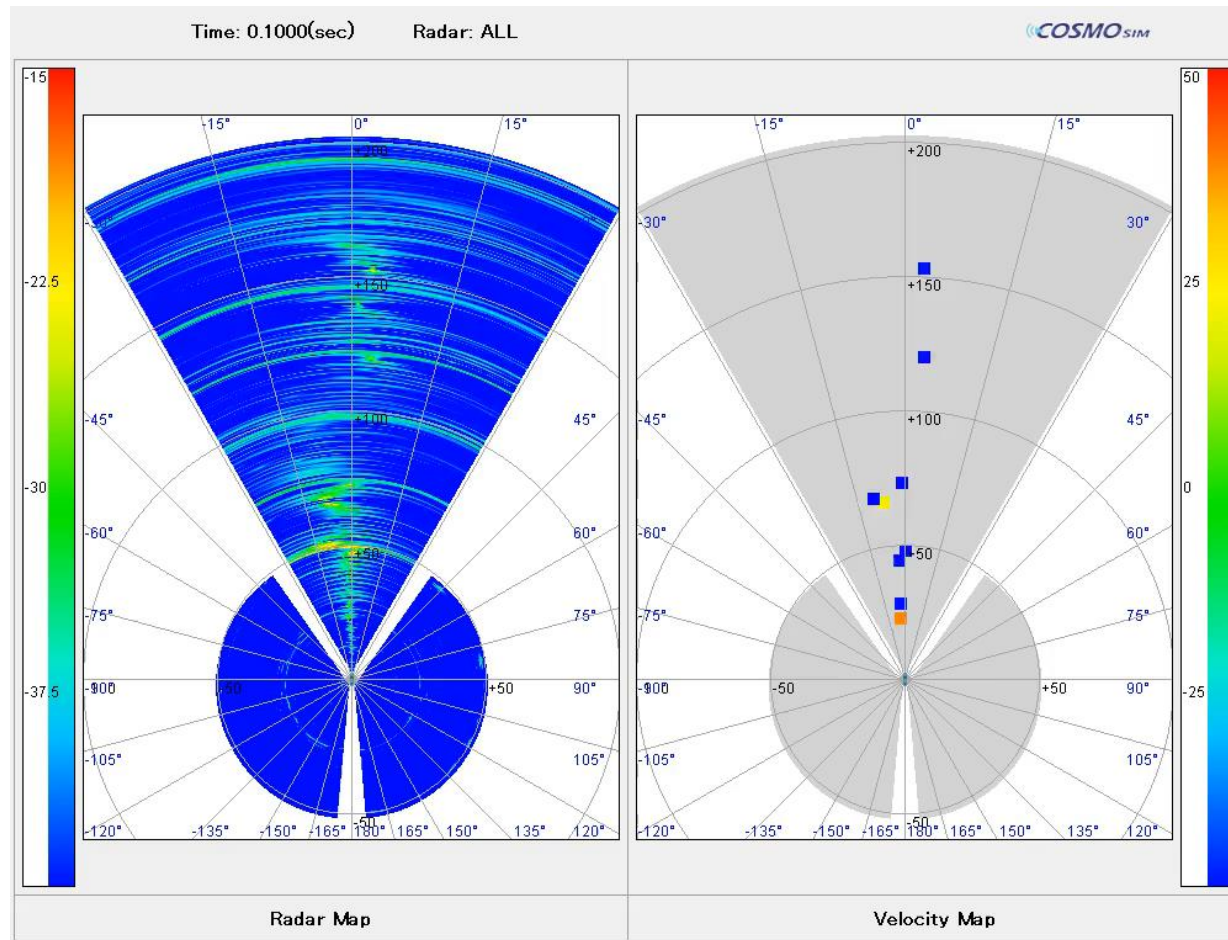
AMMWR movies (easy to change view point)



NEW Radar Map (this figure has front radar and 2 backside radar)



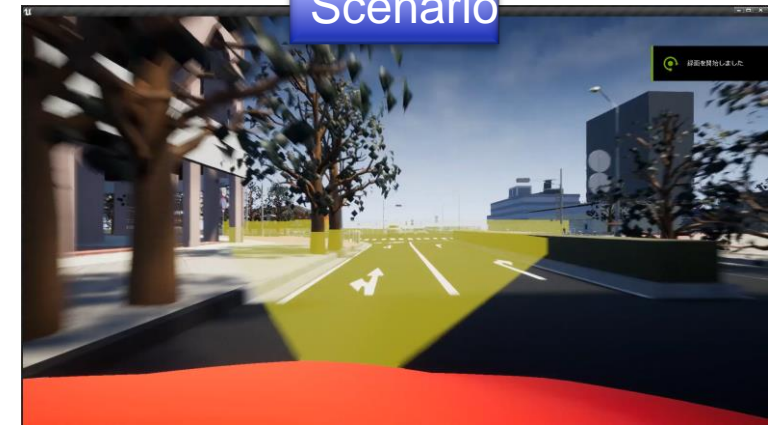
AMMWR simulator movie



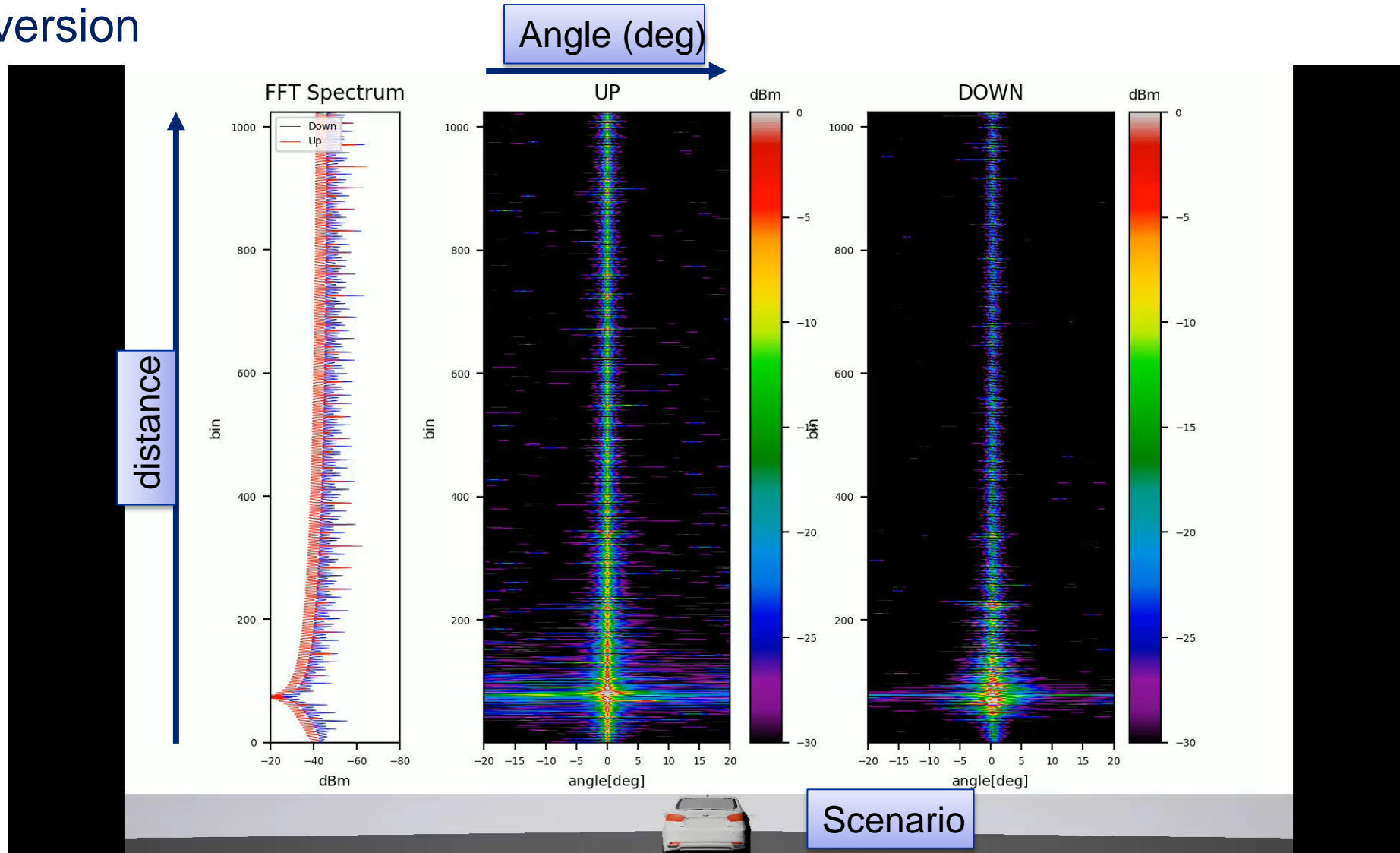
Distance-power

Distance-velocity

Scenario



AMMWR DEMO Movie (Object : Vehicle rotation) with old version



MMWR Simulation USE CASE

October 19, 2017

Karel Kreuter

DENSO AUTOMOTIVE DEUTSCHLAND GmbH

Hiroshi Naganawa

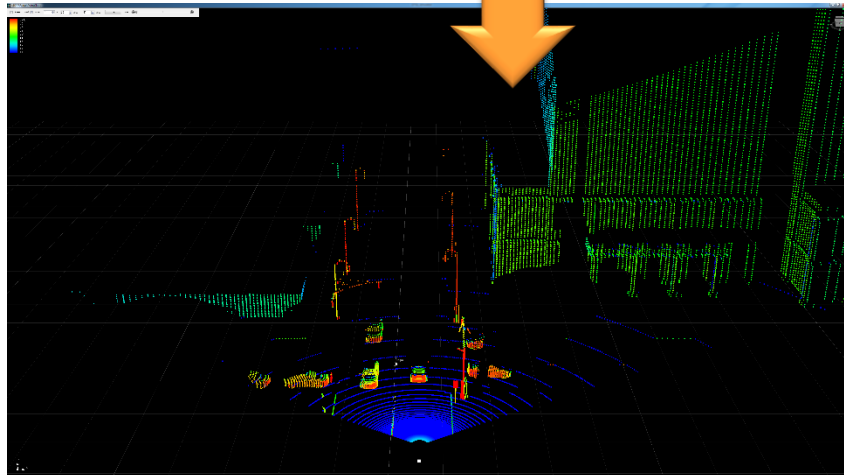
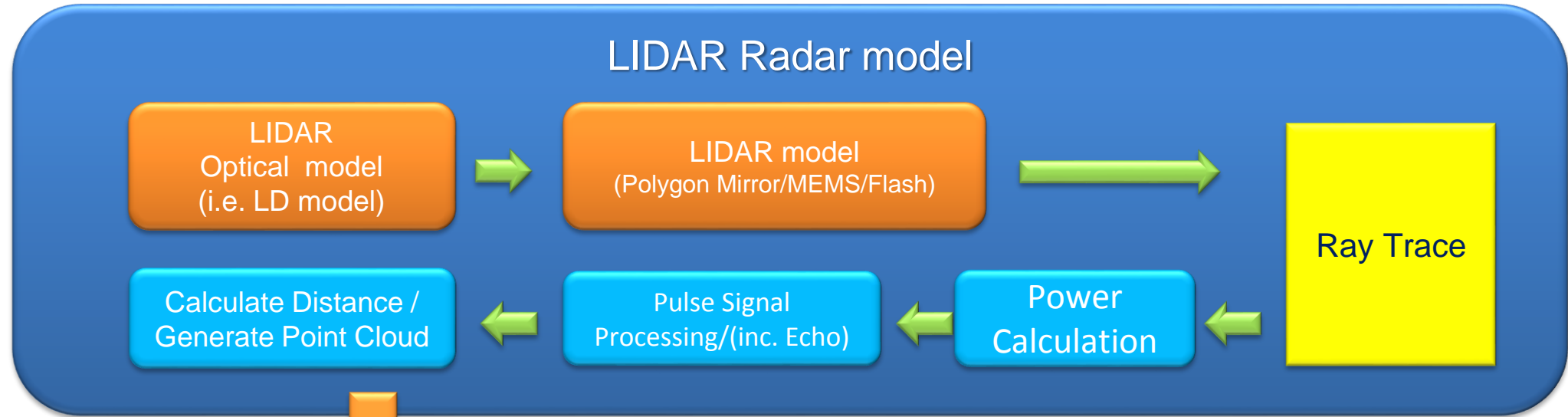
DENSO INTERNATIONAL AMERICA, Inc.

6/29/2017

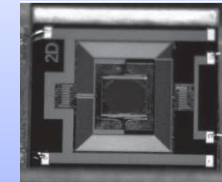
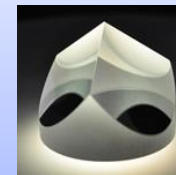


ALR: LIDAR Simulator 1.2

Introduction of inside ALR

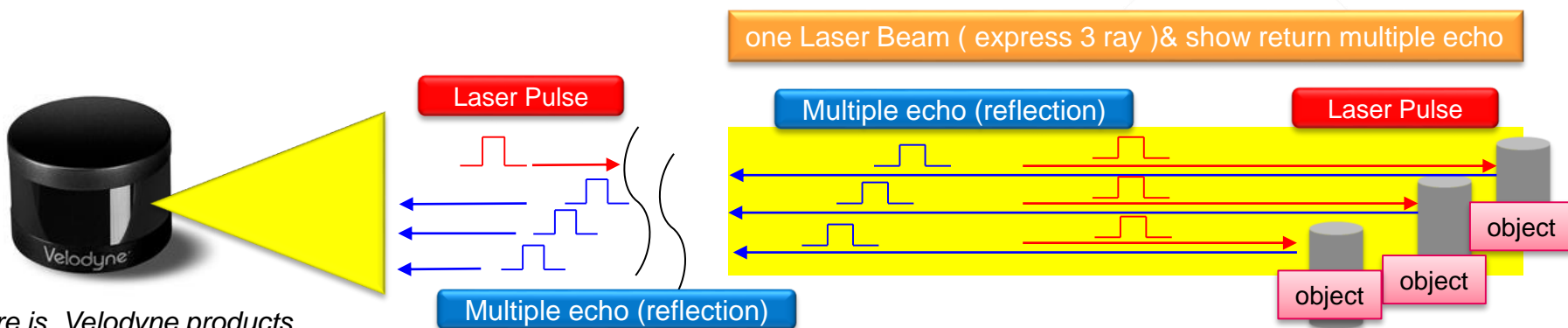
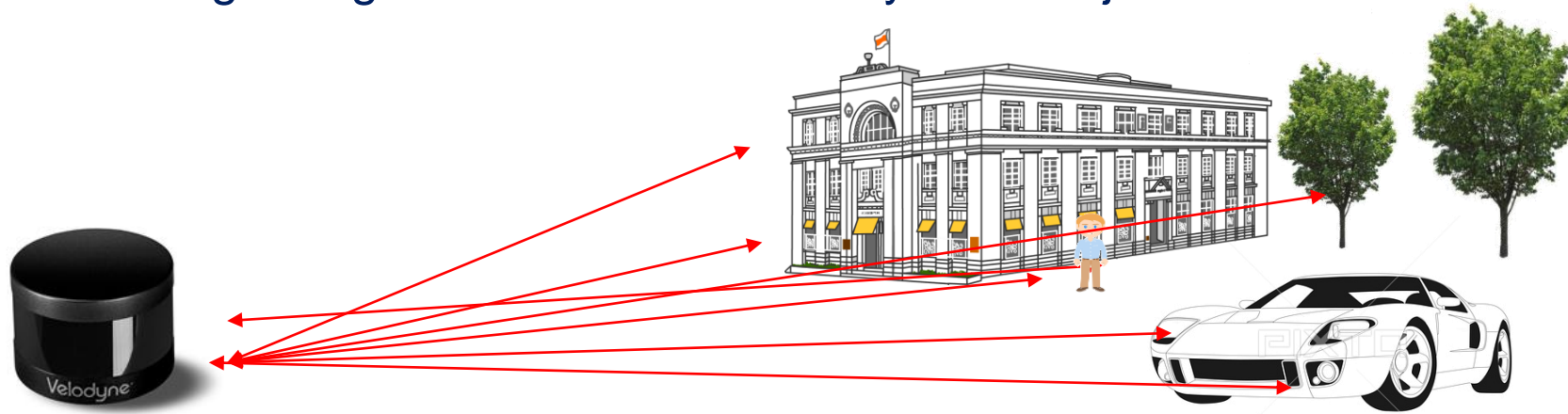


1. Output distance between own vehicle to objects.
2. Output Point Cloud data



ALR support above 3 types

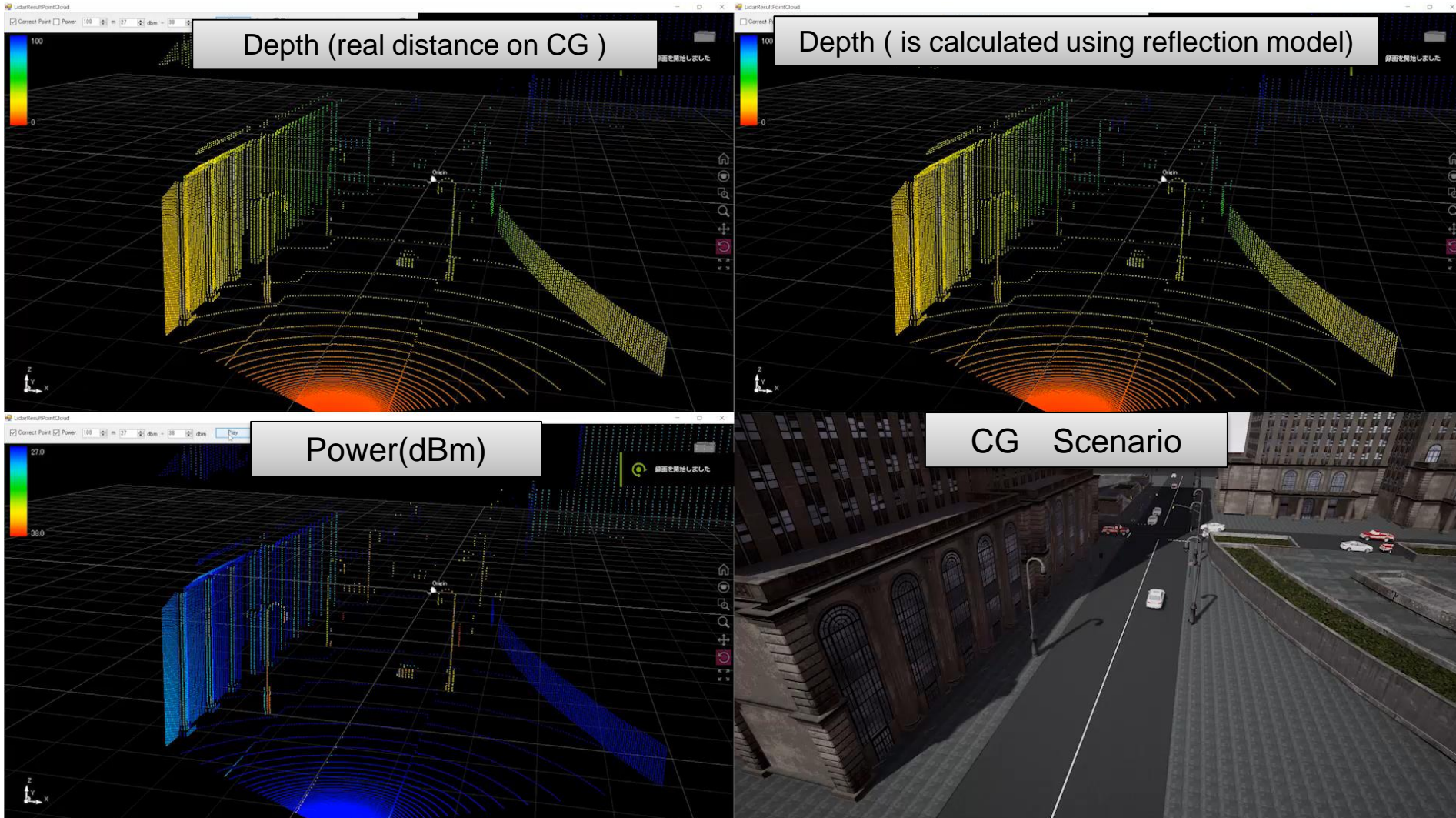
Regarding Calculation Return Ray from Object reflection



LIDAR picture is Velodyne products

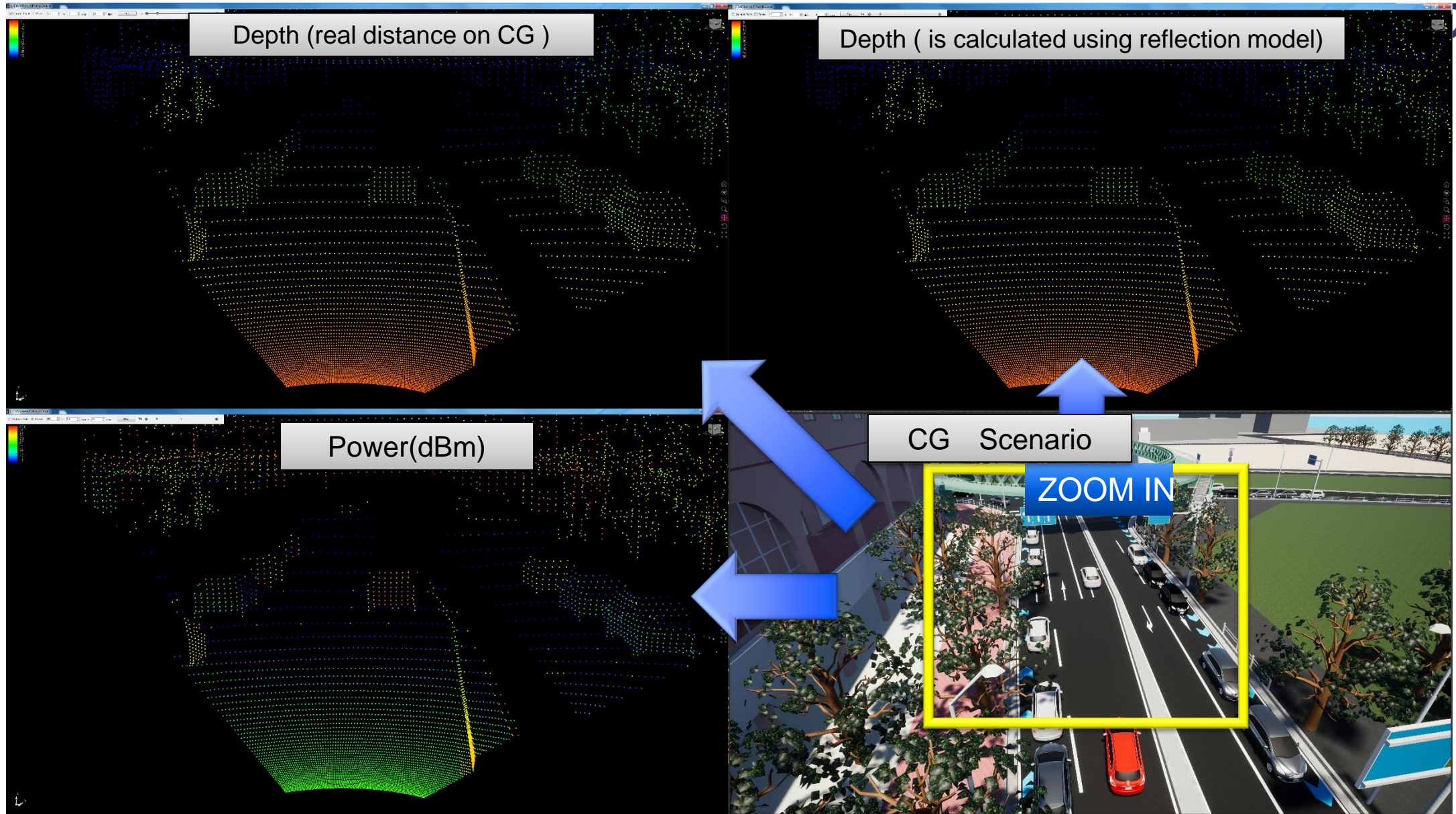
Real (Pulse) LASER BEAM has SPREAD, so
LIDAR Simulator NEED calculate Multiple reflection ray (echo).
It is available to calculate multi echo ($n=1-3$)

LIDAR 3D Point cloud (* FOV exaggerated, not real)

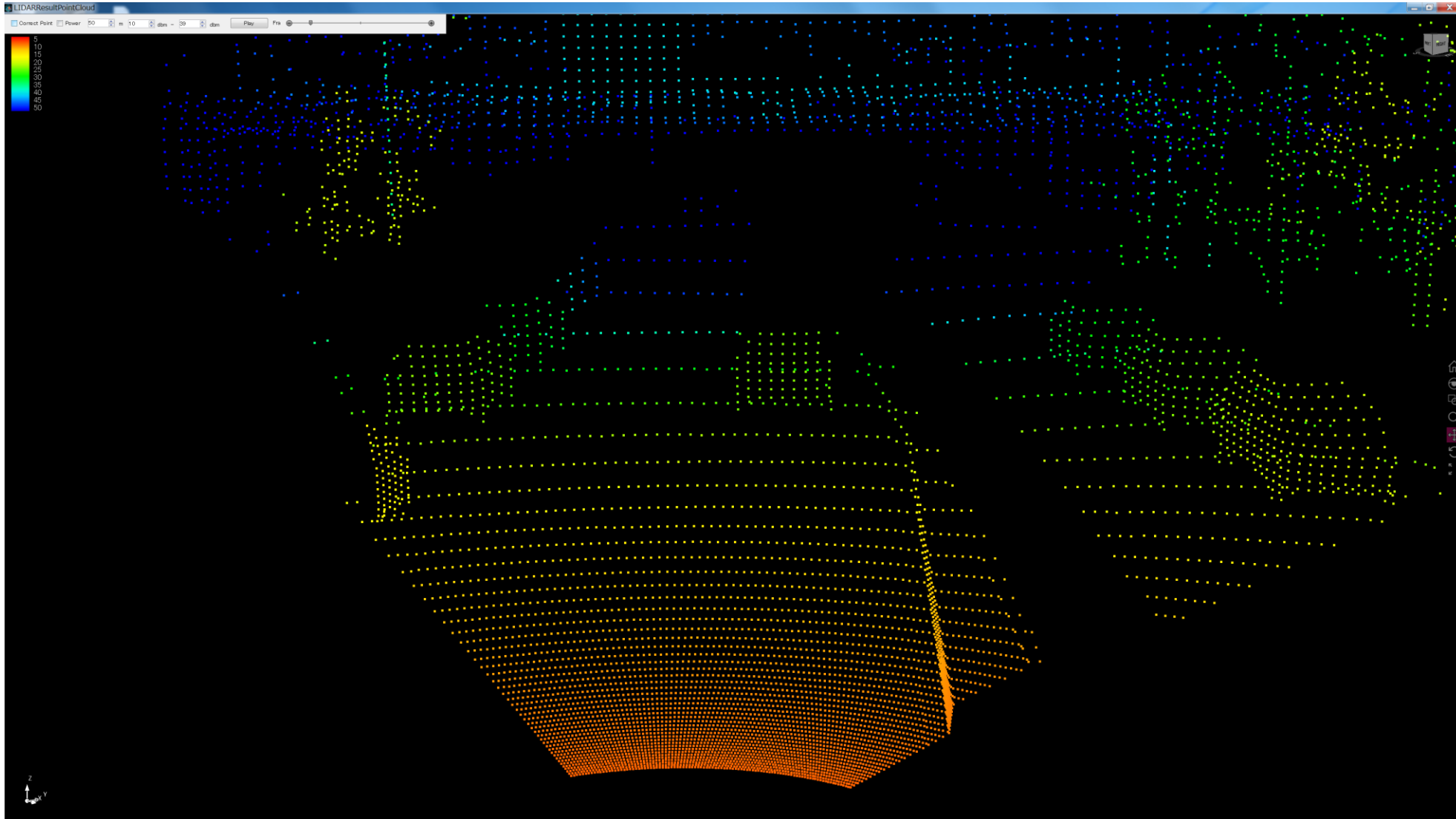


Scenario using High Precision 3DCG MAP (TEST Sean)

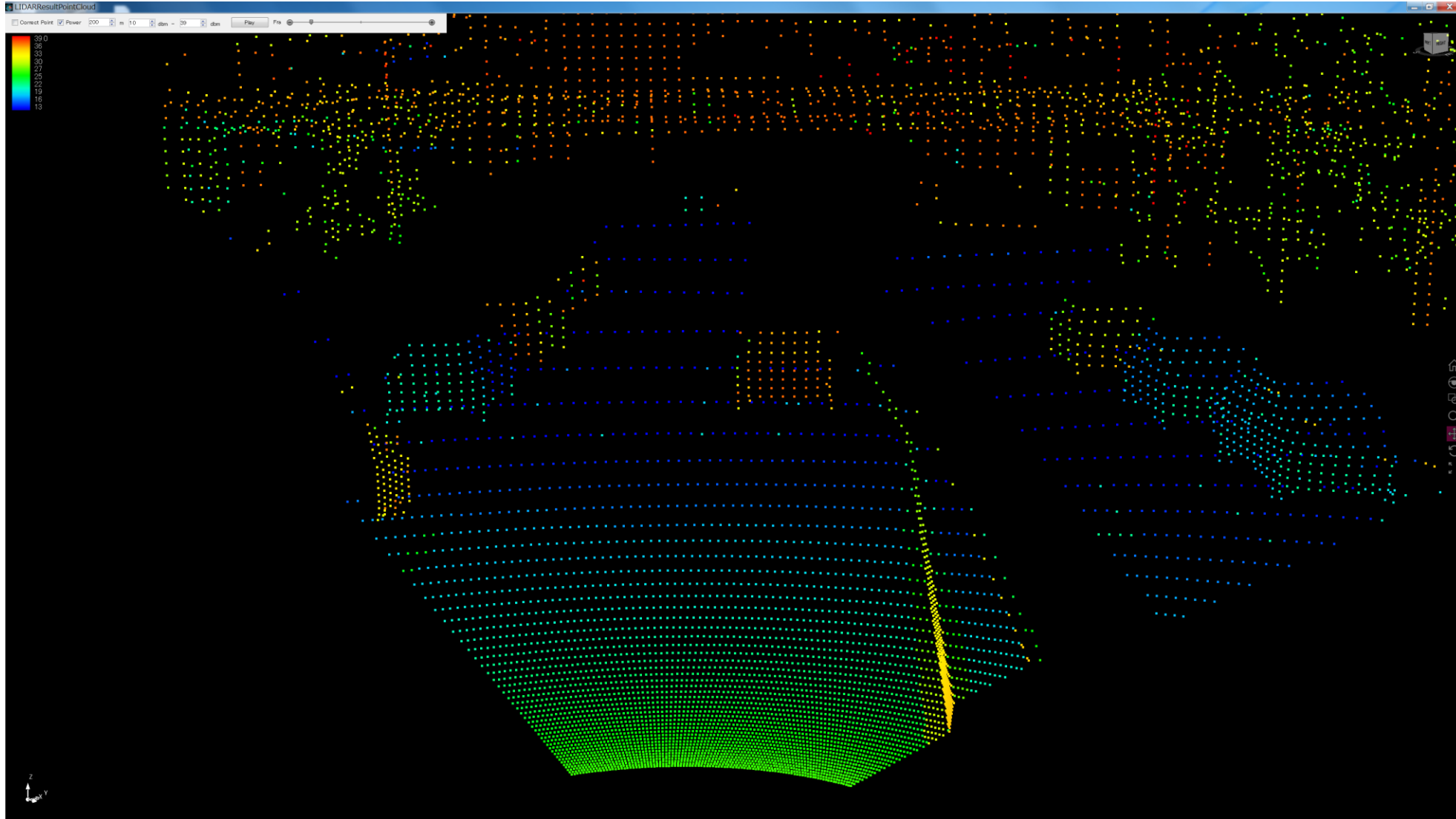




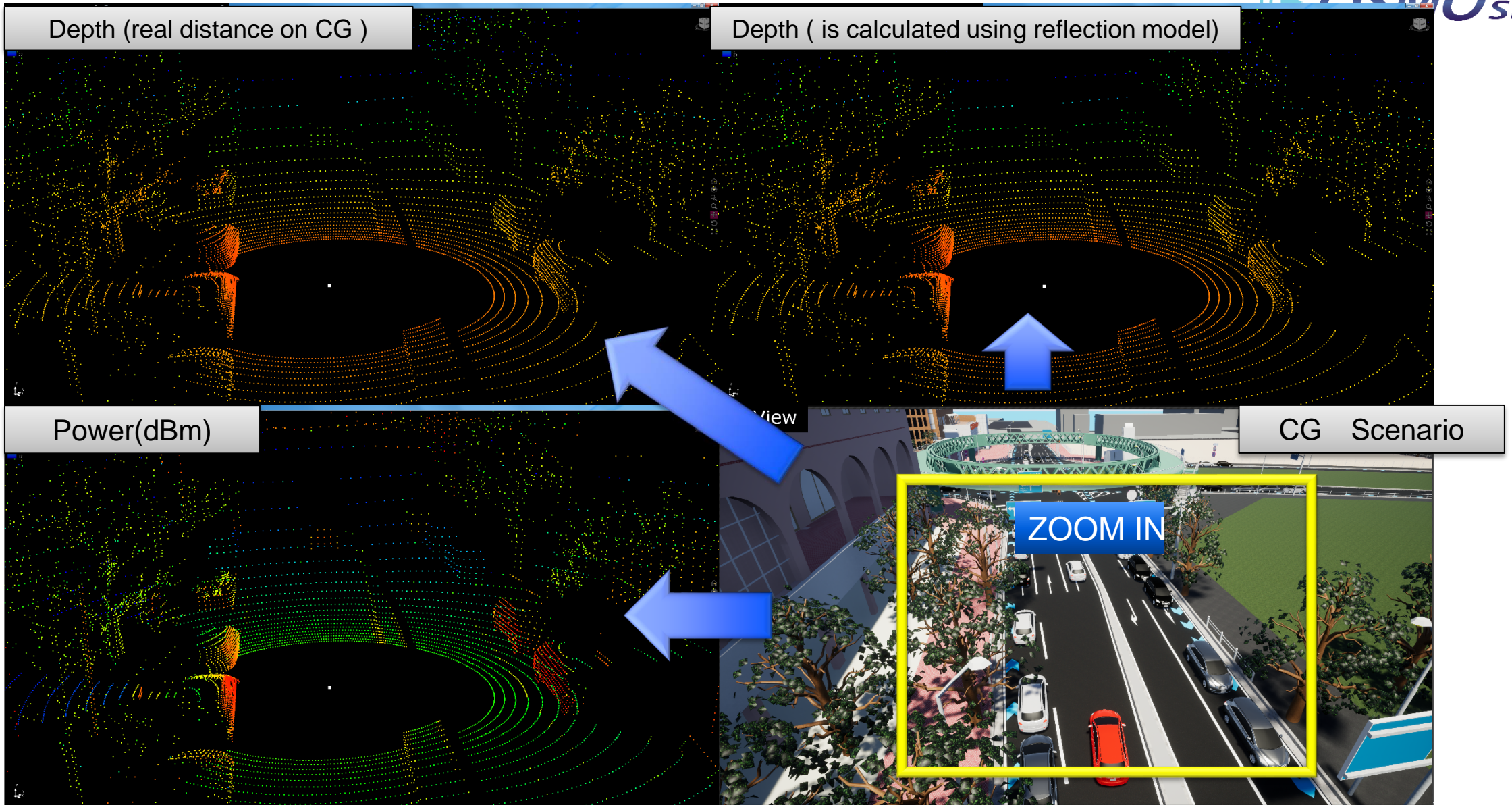
Depth from ALR: LIDAR simulator FOV:60degree



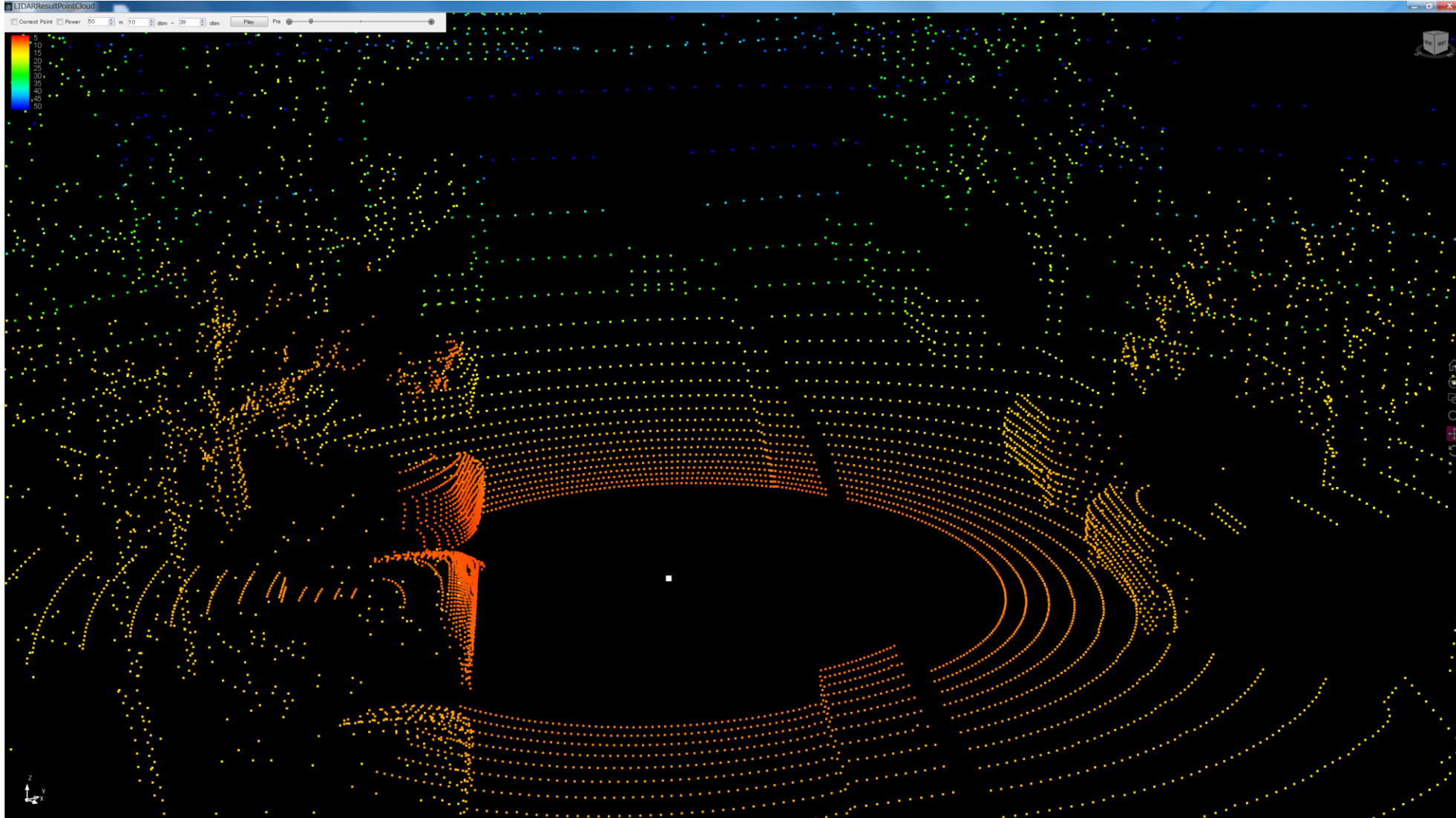
Receive Power from ALR: LIDAR simulator FOV:60degree



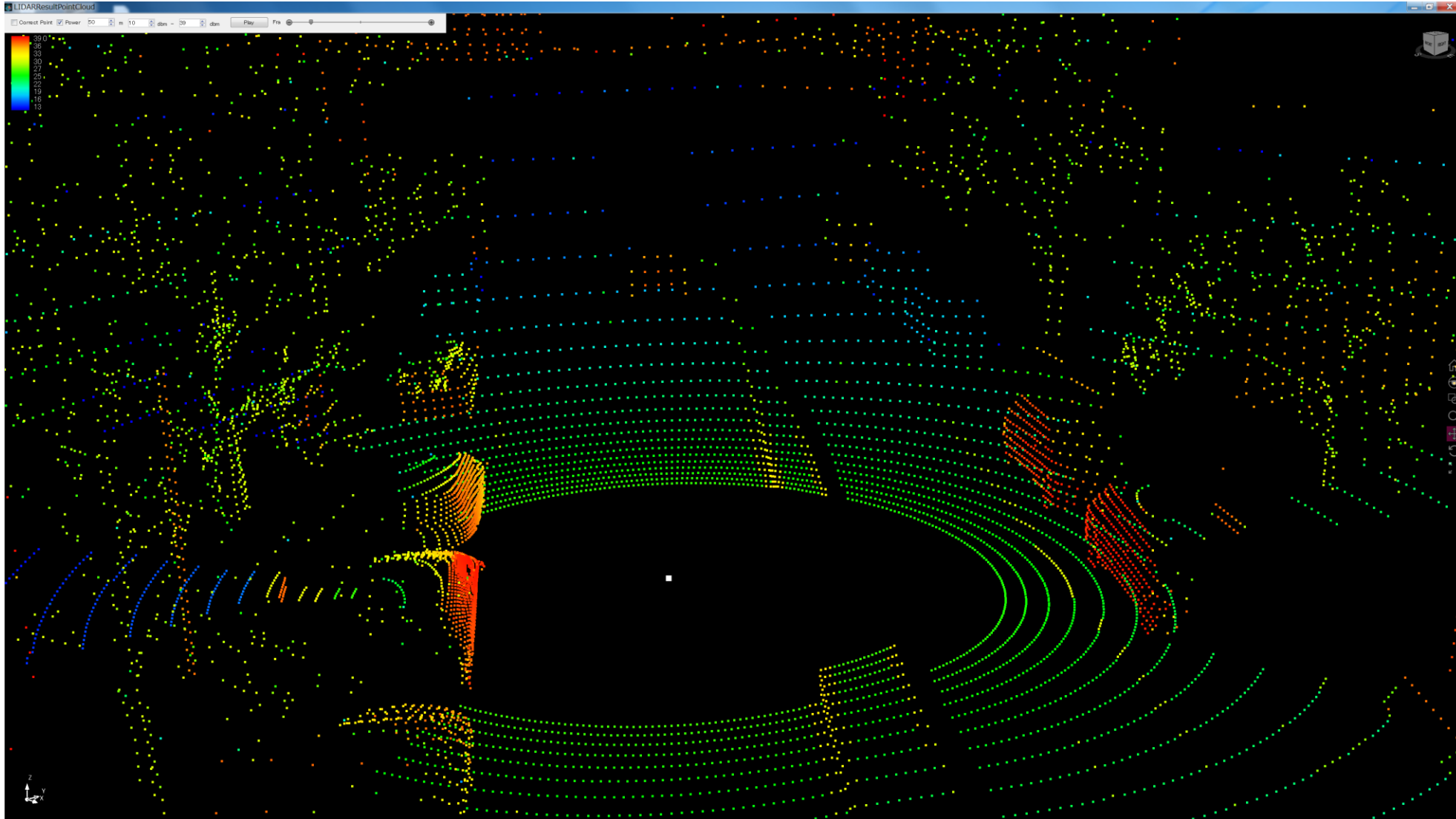
LIDAR 3D Point cloud (Look at different color of Vehicles)

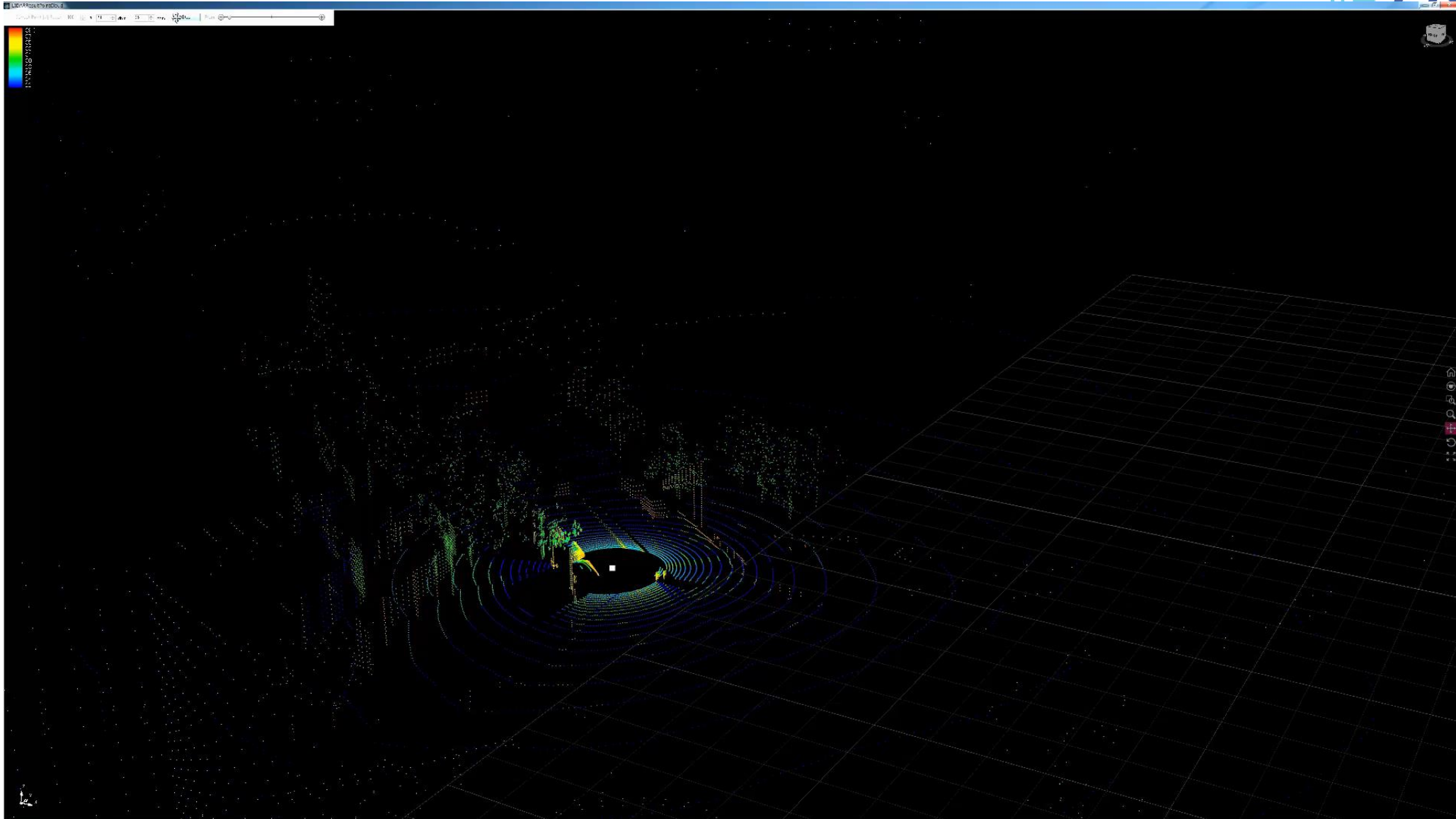


Depth from ALR: LIDAR simulator FOV:360degree



Receive Power from ALR: LIDAR simulator FOV:360degree





Benefit of using COSMOsim™

■ For Car Maker

1. enable to decide RDAR specification easily
2. enable to decide Radar position and layout before car design
3. enable to find **WORST CASE Scenario and Radar problems** without real test.

■ For Tier-1 Supplier

1. enable to decide Radar specification
2. Enable to show own radar advantage on PC (for sales?)

■ For RF/semiconductor

1. Enable to simulate using own device (MMIC) on Virtual environments.
2. Enable to consider optimize and specification using radar simulation
3. Enable to accelerate MMIC design and TEST

Data Sheet Summary for MC33MR2001T from NXP.

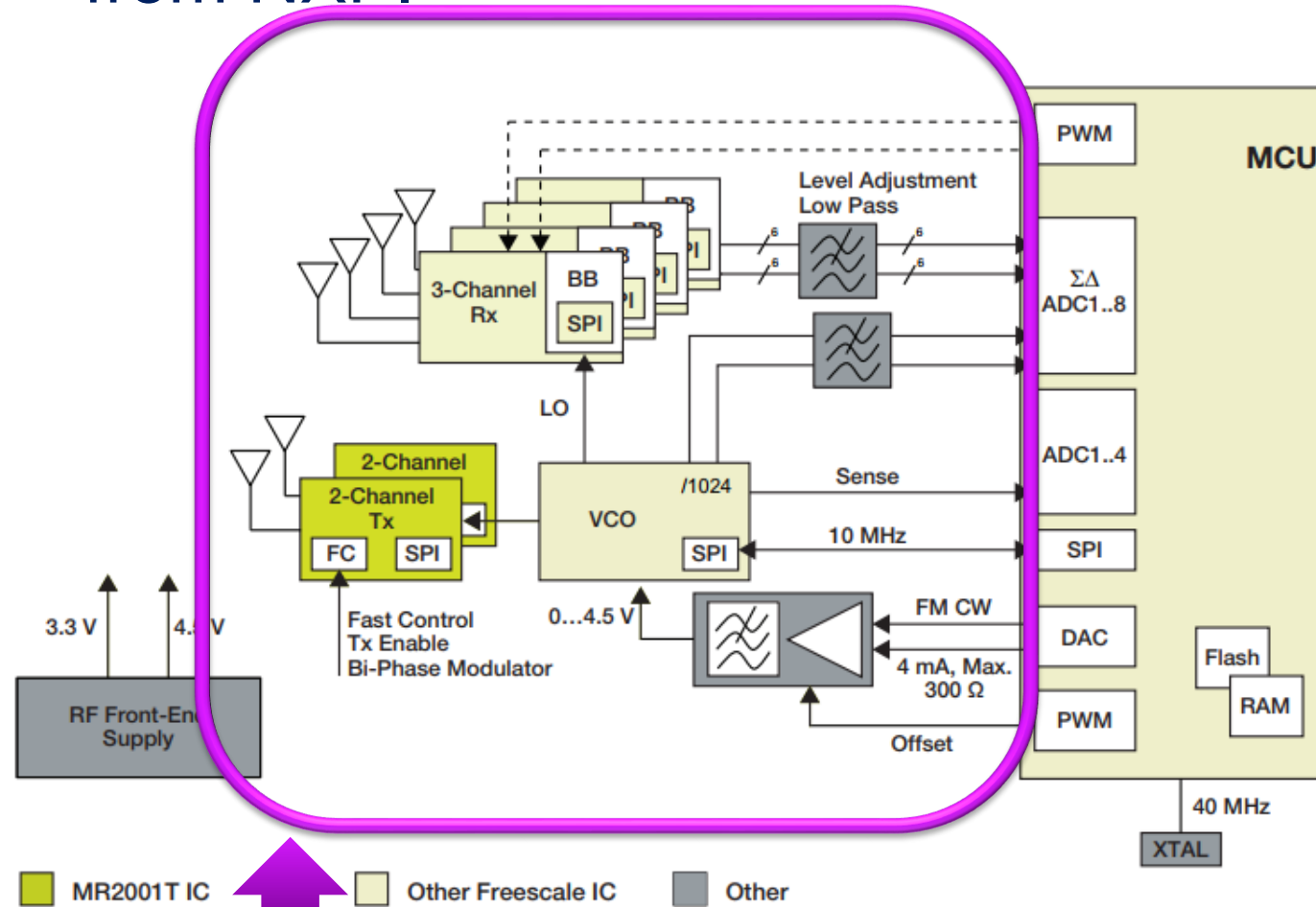


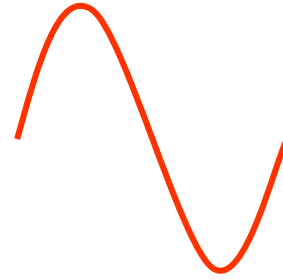
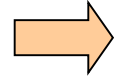
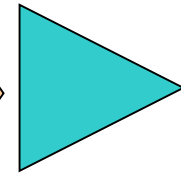
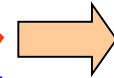
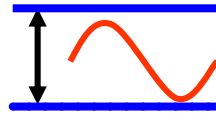
Figure 1. MR2001T simplified application diagram

Our AMMWR enable to consider various parameters for RADAR specific

This datasheet from : <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/data-sheet/MC33MR2001TSM.pdf>

Amplifier input Range(head room)

INPUT



AMP

Pout (dBm)

Pin (dBm)

Pout (dBm)

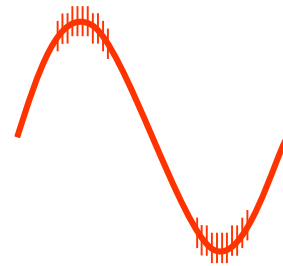
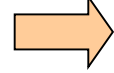
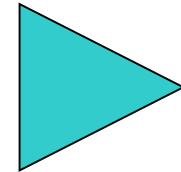
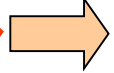
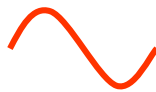
Frequency

Now We support

Real condition:

1. Saturated AM-PM
2. IP3,
3. 1dB compression..

INPUT



AMP

Pout (dBm)

Pin (dBm)

Pout (dBm)

Frequency

We can support these Characteristics and noise.....
But Speed will be slow....

COSIDE® Driven OTSL RADAR Simulator



■ **Direct Rays:**

un-obstructed by occlusion, possibly transmitted through absorbing semitransparent layers on thin surface layers or transparent surfaces.

1. Optimized Rays launch
2. Considering Antenna Characteristics including main lobe

■ **Reflected Rays:**

which bounce on a smooth mirror surface.

1. Calculate Reflected Ray
2. (Phong*/ Lambert * / etc) Reflection model
3. Available RCS

$$I = k_d \cos \alpha + I_i W \cos^n \gamma + I_a k_a$$

■ **Another Features:**

1. GTD/UTD (inc: refraction/ diffraction/ reflection effects)

**1. UE4 adopt Phong reflection model*

**2. 1973: Bui Tuong Phong. Illumination for Computer Generated Pictures*

**3. Lambert, J.H. (1760): Photometria sive de mensura et gradibus luminis, colorum et umbrae (Augsburg ("Augusta Vindelicorum"), Germany: Eberhardt Klett).*

■ EM Solver (FDTD)

1. Dielectric absorption
2. Spatial power calculation
3. Impedance Calculation
4. Antenna model Simulation

■ GUI/3D CG Implementation into UE4(unreal engine)

1. Car model
2. Solver Control using Custom GUI
3. Function control using Custom GUI

■ Refection/Scattering(Dispersion)/Refraction model using (GTD/UTD)

AMMWR can consider the following characteristics from GTD/UTD

1. Diffraction Rays which emanate from a trimming curve joining two surface
2. Creeping Rays which travel on surface from one shadow boundary to the next
3. Double Diffraction Rays which emanate from one curve point by diffraction and diffract again on another curve point
4. Double Reflected Rays which bounce twice on mirror surface
5. Reflected-Diffracted Rays which are reflected from a surface and the diffracted by a trimming curve

P2:<http://www.keycom.co.jp/jproducts/sfw/sfw03/page.html>

P17: MEMS Mirror :https://www.hamamatsu.com/resources/pdf/ssd/mems_mirror_koth9003j.pdf

Vielen Dank für Ihre Aufmerksamkeit.

Thank you for your attention